

2. Water Cycle in a Jar

Materials:

- · Clear jar or cup · Ice
- Hot water

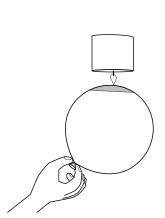
Method.

- a) Place a small amount of hot water in the cup or jar.
- b) Cover the cup or jar with a plate and place ice on top of the plate
- c) Observe the water droplets condensing on the sides of the cup and underneath the plate.

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HAVE YOU EVER SEEN WATER CONDENSE ON THE OUTSIDE OF AN ICE-COLD DRINK? THE MORE HUMID IT IS. THE WETTER THE CUP WILL BE





THAT'S WHY COASTERS



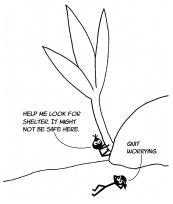
touches the flame. candle so that it just barely CHOICE. YOU WANT A CANDLE THAT WILL STAY UPRIGHT. CAKE CANDLE IS NOT THE BEST HAVE ADULT SUPERVISION WHEN USING FIRE. A BIRTHDAY knot at the ends. into one balloon, and no water into the other balloon.

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 INISICUES · vvater • Candle • Ralloons

5. Pop-proof balloon

SCIENCE MOM'S Guide to WATER. Part 7



temperature over 5 to 10 minutes. thermometers. Observe the change in soaked in different liquids over the Optional variation: place paper towels

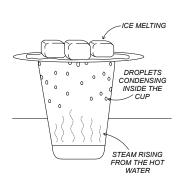
c) Repeat with the rubbing alcohol the wet part of your skin feels. Make note of how much colder over it for at least 20 seconds. fan so that the wind is flowing p) Place your hand in front of the top of your hand. a) Put a small bit of water on the

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- Rubbing Alcohol (optional) Thermometers IIO 4 nst A 4
 - Materials:

1. Evaporation Sensation

ALL THREE STATES OF WATER TOGETHER IN ONE COOL PLACE:

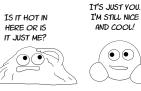


e) Observe if and when they pop! d) Hold each balloon over the c) Light the candle. NOTE: ALWAYS p) Blow nb each balloon and fie a a) Put a few spoonfuls of water

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Materials:

If you add the same amount of heat to water and sand, the sand will heat up FIVE times more than the water. It's almost as if water has a super power to be resistant to changes in temperature.

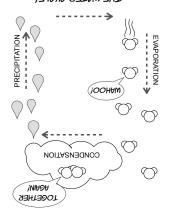


PILE OF SAND

AND COOL!

WATER

THE WATER CYCLE!



3. Rain in a Jar

Materials:

- · Clear jar or cup · Food coloring
- · Shaving cream · Dropper

Method:

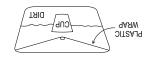
- a) Fill the jar most of the way full with warm water.
- b) Add shaving cream and smooth it out so the shaving cream completely covers the water.
- c) Add 5 to 7 drops of food coloring on top of the shaving cream.
- d) Observe for a few moments. If desired, use a water dropper to add 3 to 4 drops of water on top of the spot(s) of food coloring.
- e) Observe the jar and watch as the food coloring moves down and into the water.

WRAP AND DRIPS INTO THE CUP:

WATER CONDENSES ON THE PLASTIC



CAUSING WATER TO EVAPORATE SUNLIGHT WARMS THE CONTAINER,



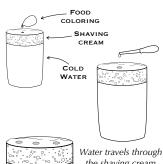


The ability of water to absorb a lot of heat before changing temperature is known as having a "high specific heat capacity." This attribute of water regulates the temperature of our planet, helps us cool down when we sweat, and much more.

SPECIFIC HEAT CAPACITY = THE AMOUNT OF HEAT ONE GRAM ABSORBS OR LOSES TO CHANGE TEMPERATURE BY 1 DEGREES CELSIUS. WATER HAS A SPECIFIC HEAT OF 1 CALORIE (OR 4.18 JOULES)

trom your body. that energy (heat) evaporates, it pulls As the water from liquid to gas. water to change lot of energy for because it takes a temperature drops cooling. Your body

Lhat's because of evaporative cold you feel while you're wet? a shower or bath and noticed how or gas. Have you ever gotten out of changes between being solid, liquid, a big role in how and when water Water's high specific heat also plays





the shaving cream because water is more dense. Similarly, rain occurs when droplets get big enough to be more dense than the surrounding air.

overnight. sunlight and leave outside e) Place the container in direct it is airtight. Use tape if needed. d) Secure the plastic wrap so that over the center of the cup. so the plastic has a low point rock or other object in the center of plastic wrap and place a small c) Cover the bowl with a lose layer center of the large container. p) Put the small cup or bowl in the bowl or container. a) Place damp dirt into the large

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or other weight · gwsll cnb · A small pebble Large bowl Plastic wrap

Materials:

4. Water from dirt

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B	C		D
F	E	E	D
E	G	Ð	X